EY Tax Alert

HC allows rectification of GSTR-3B after expiry of statutory time limit

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Executive summary

This Tax Alert summarizes a recent ruling¹ of Karnataka High Court (HC) allowing rectification of GST returns with respect to availment of input tax credit (ITC) for the month of July 2017 and March 2018.

The petitioner had inadvertently considered integrated tax (IGST) paid on imports as other IGST in July 2017 and as central tax (CGST) and state tax (SGST) in March 2018. This error resulted in a mismatch between the GSTR-3B and GSTR-2A.

During audit, Revenue sought to disallow such ITC. The petitioner requested to rectify these errors by submitting a revised table in GSTR-3B, but the same was rejected on the ground that such rectification had become time-barred.

HC observed that the authorities must avoid a blinkered view while adjudicating/assessing the tax liability of a dealer.

Revenue has, in the absence of GSTR-2A, referred to the IGST import figures reflected on ICEGATE portal for all the months except those in which the errors have been committed.

This clearly indicates that the Revenue is aware of the actual figures and also that there is an error committed by the petitioner, but has chosen to selectively ignore the IGST import amounts reflected on ICEGATE portal for the tax periods in dispute.

HC noted that there cannot be said to be any cascading effect, since the petitioner only seeks to shift the ITC already claimed from one head to another.

Accordingly, HC held that the petitioner is entitled to make the necessary changes in GSTR-3B returns for July 2017 and March 2018.



¹ 2023-VIL-46-KAR

Background

- ➤ The petitioner had inadvertently considered import IGST pertaining to July 2017 as other IGST and import IGST pertaining to March 2018 as CGST and SGST. This error in entering the figures under the wrong head resulted in a mismatch between the GSTR-3B and GSTR-2A forms.
- Department observed in its audit report that the ITC which had accrued to the petitioner was liable to be disallowed
- ➤ The petitioner had sought permission to rectify these errors by submitting a revised input table in GSTR-3B but the same was rejected.
- Show cause notice was issued and the same is challenged before Karnataka High Court (HC).

Petitioner's contention

- Errors that were committed in filing of returns occurred during the nascent stage of GST regime. These minor and inadvertent errors were entirely bona-fide.
- In such circumstances, a lenient view is warranted, particularly since rectification of errors at this stage will not cause any loss of revenue nor will there be any cascading effect that will upset the scheme of GST.
- Auto population of details into GSTR-3B and GSTR-2B was only made available from 4 September 2020 and prior to that, dealers had to manually enter the GST details into the GST portal, which was ridden with technical and electronic glitches.
- Details of IGST relating to imports are readily available on ICEGATE portal and the authorities have, in fact, referred to the same in the absence of GSTR-2A for all the months except July 2017 and March 2018.

Revenue's contention

- The petitioner, at this belated stage, cannot be permitted to rectify the errors in view of Section 39(9) of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (CGST Act).
- ▶ Reliance was placed on the Supreme Court (SC) ruling in the case of Bharti Airtel Ltd.² wherein the Court has rejected the plea of the assessee therein to revise its returns beyond the statutory period prescribed under Section 39(9) of the CGST Act.

HC Ruling

- ➤ The introduction of GST required a major overhaul of the indirect tax regime, including the number and formats of statutory returns that were to be filed and that it was expected that dealers across the country would take a reasonable amount of time to readjust to the new system.
- ► The copies of the returns submitted/filed by the

- petitioner clearly demonstrate and evidence the innocuousness of the errors committed by the petitioner.
- The ruling in case of Bharti Airtel cannot be made applicable to this case. In the said case, the Court observed that allowing the assessee to revise its returns at a belated stage would lead to a cascading effect on the chain of dealers under GST. It also observed that there is no revenue loss to the assessee and denial of revision would only result in a delay in ITC availment.
- The facts of the present case are entirely different. There cannot be said to be any cascading effect since the petitioner only seeks to shift the ITC already claimed from one head to another.
- The authorities must avoid a blinkered view while adjudicating/assessing the tax liability of a dealer under the Act.
- ▶ In the instant case, Revenue has, in the absence of GSTR-2A for the relevant tax periods, referred to the IGST import figures reflected in the ICEGATE portal for all the months except those in which the errors have been committed.
- ➤ This clearly indicates that Revenue is aware of the actual figures and also that there is an error committed by the petitioner but has chosen to selectively ignore the IGST import amounts reflected in the ICEGATE portal for the tax periods in dispute, which is yet another circumstance to uphold the claim of the petitioner.
- Accordingly, HC held that the petitioner is entitled for the limited relief of being permitted to make the necessary changes to GSTR-3B returns for July 2017 and March 2018.
- ► However, HC mentioned that this ruling is with reference to the peculiar facts and circumstances of the case, particularly since the tax periods involved relate to the first year of introduction of GST and shall not be treated as a precedent nor have any precedential value for any purpose whatsoever.

Comments

- a. While the HC allowed rectification beyond statutory time limit with a rider that the ruling shall not have any precedential value, taxpayers who have committed similar errors in the initial phase of introduction of GST may rely on this judgement to counter denial of ITC by the department.
- The Government may consider issuing a Circular allowing taxpayers to belatedly rectify such mistakes where there is no revenue implication.

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² TS-555-SC-2021-GST

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