

# BEPS 2.0 - Pillar Two Developments Tracker

As at 19 July 2024



# Important notes

- ▶ This document is intended to provide a summary listing of administrative and legislative developments around the world relating to the implementation of the global minimum tax rules being developed under Pillar Two of the OECD/G20 BEPS 2.0 project. It provides an overview of developments in various jurisdictions, including the dates on which the relevant authorities, institutions, or legislative bodies have made public announcements or released official documents related to Pillar Two.
- ▶ It is important to note that the information provided in this document is subject to change. Although it is updated on a periodic basis to include the latest developments, it does not represent, and should not be viewed as representing, an exhaustive listing of the relevant news and developments with respect to the implementation of Pillar Two of the OECD/G20 BEPS 2.0 project.
- ▶ This material has been prepared for general informational purposes only and is not intended to be relied upon as accounting, tax, legal or other professional advice. It should not be relied upon for penalty protection or for any other purpose except for obtaining general familiarity with the subject matter thereof.
- ▶ The status summary herein is intended to be generic and should not be relied upon for the purposes of assessing any specific fact patterns. The administrative and legislative developments summarized in this document include items that have not been enacted and may undergo significant changes before they become law.
- ▶ Find the most current version of this tracker on [ey.com](https://www.ey.com).
- ▶ To check for new developments or if you have questions regarding the specific items contained herein, please contact your EY engagement team or the EY professionals included in this document.

\* The interactivity of this document functions best with 'Adobe Reader' and 'PDF-XChange Editor.'



# New development updates in this edition of the tracker

Developments from the following jurisdictions have been identified and included in this update:

- ▶ Portugal
- ▶ Turkey

# Overview of Pillar Two implementation across the world

Final legislation	
Jurisdiction	Rules covered
European Union	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Austria	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Barbados	QDMTT
Belgium	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Bulgaria	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Canada	QDMTT, IIR
Croatia	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Czech Republic	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Denmark	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Estonia	Filing obligations
Finland	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
France	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Germany	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Greece	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Hungary	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Ireland	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Italy	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Japan	IIR
Latvia	Filing obligations
Liechtenstein	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR

Final legislation	
Jurisdiction	Rules covered
Lithuania	Filing obligations
Luxembourg	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Malaysia	QDMTT, IIR
Malta	Filing Obligations
Mauritius*	QDMTT
Netherlands	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
New Zealand	IIR, UTPR
Norway	QDMTT, IIR
Qatar*	Unclear
Romania	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Slovakia	QDMTT
Slovenia	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
South Korea	IIR, UTPR
Sweden	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Switzerland	QDMTT
United Arab Emirates*	Unclear
United Kingdom	QDMTT, IIR
Vietnam	QDMTT, IIR

Draft legislation	
Jurisdiction	Rules covered
Australia	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Cyprus	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Kenya	QDMTT
Norway	UTPR
Poland	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Portugal	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Singapore	QDMTT, IIR
South Africa	QDMTT, IIR
Spain	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
Switzerland	IIR, UTPR
Turkey	QDMTT, IIR, UTPR
United Kingdom	UTPR

Intention to implement Pillar Two
Bahamas
Gibraltar
Guernsey
Hong Kong
Indonesia
Isle of Man
Jersey
Taiwan
Thailand

Acronyms: IIR (Income Inclusion Rule), UTPR (Undertaxed Profits Rule), QDMTT (Qualified Domestic Minimum Top-up Tax).

\*Mauritius, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates have enacted a law incorporating an initial provision for the introduction of Pillar Two. Detailed provisions and regulations regarding how these countries will implement Pillar Two are expected to be developed in the future.

\*\*The United States is not included in the implementation overview above since this jurisdiction does not yet have final or draft legislation and has not yet indicated an intention to implement Pillar Two into domestic law. Additionally, the OECD is not included as it does not possess legislative authority.

Note: Developments Tracker cut-off date - As at 19 July 2024

# Summary overview: Current status of Pillar Two implementation across certain jurisdictions (1/7)

Jurisdiction or institution	Date of latest development	QDMTT	IIR	UTPR	Expected date of entry into effect	EY Global Tax Alert
Australia	4 July 2024	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 1 January 2024 UTPR - 1 January 2025	
Austria	14 December 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Bahamas	29 May 2024	Intended	Unclear	Unclear	QDMTT - Unclear	
Barbados	15 May 2024	Final legislation	Unclear	Unclear	QDMTT - 1 January 2024	
Belgium	2 July 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Bermuda	8 August 2023	No	No	No	Unclear	
Bulgaria	12 December 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Canada	20 June 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Intended	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>

## Legend:

- ▶ 'Intended' means there is a clear expectation based on publicly available information that this measure will be enacted by the jurisdiction.
- ▶ 'Intended (Delay)' means that the jurisdiction has deferred the introduction of Pillar Two as allowed by the EU Minimum Taxation Directive whereby Member States that have a small number of headquartered groups within the scope of the rules can opt to delay their application of the rules for up to six consecutive fiscal years.
- ▶ 'No' means there is a clear expectation based on publicly available information that this measure will not be enacted by the jurisdiction within the next 3 years.
- ▶ 'Unclear' means that either the jurisdiction has not publicly commented on the measure yet, or the jurisdiction has indicated that it will consider the measure in more detail at a later date.
- ▶ "'Final legislation' means a legislation approved by the relevant legislative bodies." This term includes both, legislation already enacted or legislation that awaits a procedural formality to achieve official enactment.
- ▶ 'Draft legislation' means a preliminary version of a proposed law that is still under consideration and development.

Note: Developments Tracker cut-off date - As at 19 July 2024

# Summary overview: Current status of Pillar Two implementation across certain jurisdictions (2/7)

Jurisdiction or institution	Date of latest development	QDMTT	IIR	UTPR	Expected date of entry into effect	EY Global Tax Alert
Croatia	22 December 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Cyprus	3 October 2023	Draft Legislation	Draft Legislation	Draft Legislation	IIR - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024 QDMTT - 1 January 2025	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Czech Republic	26 April 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	
Denmark	19 March 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024*	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Estonia	10 April 2024	No	Intended (Delay)	Intended (Delay)	IIR and UTPR - 31 December 2029	
European Union <sup>1</sup>	15 December 2022	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Finland	28 December 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>

<sup>1</sup> The European Union does not enact local legislation. However, it plays a role in guiding and coordinating the implementation of Pillar Two measures among its Member States through directives and regulations. For the purposes of the European Union line item above, "No" indicates that the EU has not yet released any documents related to the applicable rule.

\* Refer to the latest entry of Denmark in section 'Jurisdiction reactions on Pillar Two'.

## Legend:

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# Summary overview: Current status of Pillar Two implementation across certain jurisdictions (3/7)

Jurisdiction or institution	Date of latest development	QDMTT	IIR	UTPR	Expected date of entry into effect	EY Global Tax Alert
France	21 December 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Germany	15 December 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Gibraltar	3 July 2024	Intended	Intended	Intended	QDMTT - End of 2024 IIR - 2025	
Greece	5 April 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Guernsey	21 May 2024	Intended	Intended	Unclear	IIR and QDMTT - 1 January 2025	
Hong Kong	21 December 2023	Intended	Intended	Intended	1 January 2025	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Hungary	21 November 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Indonesia	20 December 2022	Intended	Intended	Intended	Unclear	
Ireland	15 May 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	

## Legend:

- ▶ 'Intended' means there is a clear expectation based on publicly available information that this measure will be enacted by the jurisdiction.
- ▶ 'Intended (Delay)' means that the jurisdiction has deferred the introduction of Pillar Two as allowed by the EU Minimum Taxation Directive whereby Member States that have a small number of headquartered groups within the scope of the rules can opt to delay their application of the rules for up to six consecutive fiscal years.
- ▶ 'No' means there is a clear expectation based on publicly available information that this measure will not be enacted by the jurisdiction within the next 3 years.
- ▶ 'Unclear' means that either the jurisdiction has not publicly commented on the measure yet, or the jurisdiction has indicated that it will consider the measure in more detail at a later date.
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# Summary overview: Current status of Pillar Two implementation across certain jurisdictions (4/7)

Jurisdiction or institution	Date of latest development	QDMTT	IIR	UTPR	Expected date of entry into effect	EY Global Tax Alert
Isle of Man	20 May 2024	Intended	Unclear	Unclear	QDMTT - 1 January 2025	
Italy	3 July 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	
Japan	26 April 2024	Intended	Final legislation	Intended	IIR - 1 April 2024 QDMTT and UTPR - Unclear	
Jersey	21 May 2024	Intended	Intended	No	IIR and QDMTT - 1 January 2025	
Kenya	13 May 2024	Draft legislation	Unclear	Unclear	QDMTT - 1 January 2025	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Latvia	6 June 2024	Unclear	Intended (Delay)	Intended (Delay)	IIR and UTPR - 31 December 2029	
Liechtenstein	28 March 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and DMTT - 1 January 2024 UTPR - 1 January 2025	
Lithuania	6 June 2024	Unclear	Intended (Delay)	Intended (Delay)	Unclear	
Luxembourg	5 June 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	

## Legend:

- ▶ 'Intended' means there is a clear expectation based on publicly available information that this measure will be enacted by the jurisdiction.
- ▶ 'Intended (Delay)' means that the jurisdiction has deferred the introduction of Pillar Two as allowed by the EU Minimum Taxation Directive whereby Member States that have a small number of headquartered groups within the scope of the rules can opt to delay their application of the rules for up to six consecutive fiscal years.
- ▶ 'No' means there is a clear expectation based on publicly available information that this measure will not be enacted by the jurisdiction within the next 3 years.
- ▶ 'Unclear' means that either the jurisdiction has not publicly commented on the measure yet, or the jurisdiction has indicated that it will consider the measure in more detail at a later date.
- ▶ "'Final legislation' means a legislation approved by the relevant legislative bodies." This term includes both, legislation already enacted or legislation that awaits a procedural formality to achieve official enactment.
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Note: Developments Tracker cut-off date - As at 19 July 2024



# Summary overview: Current status of Pillar Two implementation across certain jurisdictions (5/7)

Jurisdiction or institution	Date of latest development	QDMTT	IIR	UTPR	Expected date of entry into effect	EY Global Tax Alert
Malaysia	28 November 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Unclear	IIR and QDMTT - 1 January 2025	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Malta	20 February 2024	Unclear	Intended (Delay)	Intended (Delay)	Unclear	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Mauritius	22 July 2022	Final legislation	Unclear	Unclear	Unclear	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Netherlands	19 December 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
New Zealand	27 March 2024	No	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and UTPR - 1 January 2025	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Norway	19 June 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Draft legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	
OECD <sup>2</sup>	17 June 2024	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Poland	25 April 2024	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	1 January 2025 (IIR and QDMTT - optionally retroactive from 1 January 2024)	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>

<sup>2</sup> The OECD/G20 Inclusive Framework on BEPS does not possess legislative authority. Instead, it offers guidelines and recommendations for the implementation of Pillar Two. For the purposes of the OECD line item above, "Yes" indicates that a document (such as model rules, guidance or consultation document) has been published by the OECD regarding the implementation or application of the respective rule.

## Legend:

- ▶ 'Intended' means there is a clear expectation based on publicly available information that this measure will be enacted by the jurisdiction.
- ▶ 'Intended (Delay)' means that the jurisdiction has deferred the introduction of Pillar Two as allowed by the EU Minimum Taxation Directive whereby Member States that have a small number of headquartered groups within the scope of the rules can opt to delay their application of the rules for up to six consecutive fiscal years.
- ▶ 'No' means there is a clear expectation based on publicly available information that this measure will not be enacted by the jurisdiction within the next 3 years.
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- ▶ "'Final legislation' means a legislation approved by the relevant legislative bodies." This term includes both, legislation already enacted or legislation that awaits a procedural formality to achieve official enactment.
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Note: Developments Tracker cut-off date - As at 19 July 2024

# Summary overview: Current status of Pillar Two implementation across certain jurisdictions (6/7)

Jurisdiction or institution	Date of latest development	QDMTT	IIR	UTPR	Expected date of entry into effect	EY Global Tax Alert
Portugal	10 July 2024	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 1 January 2024 UTPR - 1 January 2025	
Qatar	2 February 2023	Unclear	Unclear	Unclear	Unclear	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Romania	19 December 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Singapore	10 June 2024	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	Intended	IIR and QDMTT - 1 January 2025	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Slovakia	8 December 2023	Final legislation	Intended (Delay)	Intended (Delay)	QDMTT - 31 December 2023 IIR and UTPR - 31 December 2029	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Slovenia	13 December 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
South Africa	21 February 2024	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	Unclear	1 January 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
South Korea	28 February 2024	Unclear	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR - 1 January 2024 UTPR - 1 January 2025	
Spain	4 June 2024	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	

## Legend:

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- ▶ 'Intended (Delay)' means that the jurisdiction has deferred the introduction of Pillar Two as allowed by the EU Minimum Taxation Directive whereby Member States that have a small number of headquartered groups within the scope of the rules can opt to delay their application of the rules for up to six consecutive fiscal years.
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- ▶ 'Unclear' means that either the jurisdiction has not publicly commented on the measure yet, or the jurisdiction has indicated that it will consider the measure in more detail at a later date.
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Note: Developments Tracker cut-off date - As at 19 July 2024

# Summary overview: Current status of Pillar Two implementation across certain jurisdictions (7/7)

Jurisdiction or institution	Date of latest development	QDMTT	IIR	UTPR	Expected date of entry into effect	EY Global Tax Alert
Sweden	19 March 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Final legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Switzerland	22 December 2023	Final legislation	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	QDMTT - 1 January 2024 IIR and UTPR - 1 January 2025	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Taiwan	30 August 2023	Unclear	Unclear	Unclear	Unclear	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Turkey	16 July 2024	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	Draft legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 1 January 2024 UTPR - 1 January 2025	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Thailand	1 March 2024	Intended	Intended	Intended	2025	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
United Arab Emirates	15 March 2024	Intended	Intended	Intended	2025	
United Kingdom	14 March 2024	Final legislation	Final legislation	Draft legislation	IIR and QDMTT - 31 December 2023 UTPR - 31 December 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
United States	9 March 2023	No	No	No	N/A	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>
Vietnam	29 November 2023	Final legislation	Final legislation	Intended	IIR and QDMTT - 1 January 2024	For more details, click <a href="#">here</a>

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- ▶ 'Intended (Delay)' means that the jurisdiction has deferred the introduction of Pillar Two as allowed by the EU Minimum Taxation Directive whereby Member States that have a small number of headquartered groups within the scope of the rules can opt to delay their application of the rules for up to six consecutive fiscal years.
- ▶ 'No' means there is a clear expectation based on publicly available information that this measure will not be enacted by the jurisdiction within the next 3 years.
- ▶ 'Unclear' means that either the jurisdiction has not publicly commented on the measure yet, or the jurisdiction has indicated that it will consider the measure in more detail at a later date.
- ▶ "'Final legislation' means a legislation approved by the relevant legislative bodies." This term includes both, legislation already enacted or legislation that awaits a procedural formality to achieve official enactment.
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Note: Developments Tracker cut-off date - As at 19 July 2024

# Status of local global minimum tax laws passed (1/2)

This section is intended to provide a summary listing of the enactment and substantive enactment dates of the implementation of Pillar Two legislation. This section is updated on a quarterly basis.

The information provided in this section of the tracker is designed to be read independently. It is not intended to be interpreted in conjunction with other sections of this tracker.

## Status as of 30 June 2024

No.	Jurisdiction	QDMTT		IIR		UTPR		IFRS substantively enacted as of 30 June 2024	US GAAP enacted as of 30 June 2024	IAS 12 IFRS adapted local country endorsement
		Adopted	Entry into effect	Adopted	Entry into effect	Adopted	Entry into effect			
1	Austria	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Barbados	Yes	1-Jan-24	No	Not applicable	No	Not applicable	Yes	Yes	No
3	Belgium	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Bulgaria	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Canada	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	No	Not applicable	Yes	Yes	No
6	Croatia	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	Czech Republic	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	Denmark	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	Estonia	No	Not applicable	No	Delayed	No	Delayed	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	Finland	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	France	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
12	Germany	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
13	Greece	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
14	Hungary	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
15	Ireland	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
16	Italy	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
17	Japan	No	Not applicable	Yes	1-Apr-24	No	Not applicable	Yes	Yes	Yes

# Status of local global minimum tax laws passed (2/2)

No.	Jurisdiction	QDMTT		IIR		UTPR		IFRS substantively enacted as of 30 June 2024	US GAAP enacted as of 30 June 2024	IAS 12 IFRS adapted local country endorsement
		Adopted	Entry into effect	Adopted	Entry into effect	Adopted	Entry into effect			
18	Latvia	No	Not applicable	No	Delayed	No	Delayed	Yes	Yes	Yes
19	Liechtenstein	Yes	1-Jan-24	Yes	1-Jan-24	Yes	1-Jan-25	Yes	Yes	Yes
20	Lithuania	No	Not applicable	No	Delayed	No	Delayed	Yes	Yes	Yes
21	Luxembourg	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
22	Malaysia	Yes	1-Jan-25	Yes	1-Jan-25	No	Not applicable	Yes	Yes	Yes
23	Malta	No	Delayed	No	Delayed	No	Delayed	Yes	Yes	Yes
24	Netherlands	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
25	New Zealand	No	Not applicable	Yes	1-Jan-25	Yes	1-Jan-25	Yes	Yes	Yes
26	Norway	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	No	Not applicable	Yes	Yes	No
27	Romania	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
28	Slovakia	Yes	31-Dec-23	No	Delayed	No	Delayed	Yes	Yes	Yes
29	Slovenia	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
30	South Korea	No	Not applicable	Yes	1-Jan-24	Yes	1-Jan-25	Yes	Yes	Yes
31	Sweden	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-24	Yes	Yes	Yes
32	Switzerland	Yes	1-Jan-24	No	Not applicable	No	Not applicable	Yes	Yes	Yes
33	United Kingdom	Yes	31-Dec-23	Yes	31-Dec-23	No	Not applicable	Yes	Yes	Yes
34	Vietnam	Yes	1-Jan-24	Yes	1-Jan-24	No	Not applicable	Yes	Yes	No

**IFRS substantively enacted:** Legislation is substantively enacted when any future steps in the enactment process will not change the outcome.

**US GAAP enacted:** Legislation is considered enacted when any further procedures in respect to the particular legislation being passed at the time are unable to change the outcome.

**IFRS adapted local country endorsement:** Whether the jurisdiction has endorsed the amendments to IAS 12 (Income Taxes) by the International Accounting Standard Board for IFRS adapted version.

# Jurisdiction reactions on Pillar Two

\* The interactivity of this document functions best with 'Adobe Reader' and 'PDF-XChange Editor.'

## Jurisdiction or institution



# Jurisdiction reactions on Pillar Two Continued ...

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**Jurisdiction or institution**



# Jurisdiction reactions on Pillar Two Continued ...

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**Jurisdiction or institution**





# Jurisdiction reactions on Pillar Two Continued ...

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## Jurisdiction or institution



# Global contacts

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