

Prince Edward Island

Combined federal and provincial personal income tax rates - 2025¹

Ta	xable inc	ome		Prince Edward Island					
						Marginal rate on			
					_	Eligible	Other		
Lower		Upper		Basic	Rate on	dividend	dividend	Capital	
limit		limit		tax ²	excess	income ³	income ³	gains ⁴	
\$ -	to	\$ 16,129	\$	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
16,130	to	17,934		-	15.00%	0.00%	6.87%	7.50%	
17,935	to	22,250		271	24.50%	0.00%	16.29%	12.25%	
22,251	to	29,250	5	1,328	29.50%	5.52%	22.04%	14.75%	
29,251	to	33,328		3,393	24.50%	0.00%	16.29%	12.25%	
33,329	to	57,375		4,392	28.47%	4.10%	20.86%	14.24%	
57,376	to	64,656		11,238	33.97%	11.66%	27.18%	16.99%	
64,657	to	105,000		13,712	37.10%	15.98%	30.78%	18.55%	
105,001	to	114,750		28,679	38.12%	17.39%	31.95%	19.06%	
114,751	to	140,000		32,396	43.62%	24.98%	38.28%	21.81%	
140,001	to	177,882		43,410	45.00%	26.88%	39.87%	22.50%	
177,883	to	253,414	b	60,457	48.32%	31.46%	43.68%	24.16%	
253,415	and up			96,951	52.00%	36.54%	47.92%	26.00%	

- 1. The tax rates reflect budget proposals and news releases to February 1, 2025. Where the tax is determined under the alternative minimum tax provisions (AMT), the above table is not applicable. AMT may be applicable where the tax otherwise payable is less than the tax determined by applying the relevant AMT rate to the individual's taxable income adjusted for certain preference items.
- 2. The tax determined by the table should be reduced by the applicable federal and provincial tax credits (see chart below), other than the basic personal tax credits, which have been reflected in the calculations (see Note 6 below).
- 3. The rates apply to the actual amount of taxable dividends received from taxable Canadian corporations. Eligible dividends are those paid by public corporations and private companies out of earnings that have been taxed at the general corporate tax rate (the dividend must be designated by the payor corporation as an eligible dividend). Where the dividend tax credit exceeds the federal and provincial tax otherwise payable on the dividends, the rates do not reflect the value of the excess credit that may be used to offset taxes payable from other sources of income. This assumption is consistent with prior year rates.
- 4. The rates apply to the actual amount of the capital gain. A capital gains exemption may be available to reduce or eliminate the tax on capital gains from certain qualifying property and qualifying business transfers.
- 5. Individuals resident in Prince Edward Island on December 31, 2025 with taxable income up to \$17,934 pay no provincial income tax as a result of a low-income tax reduction. The low-income tax reduction is clawed back for income in excess of \$22,250 until the reduction is eliminated, resulting in an additional 5% of provincial tax on income between \$22,251 and \$29,250.
- 6. The federal basic personal amount comprises two elements: the base amount (\$14,538 for 2025) and an additional amount (\$1,591 for 2025). The additional amount is reduced for individuals with net income in excess of \$177,882 and is fully eliminated for individuals with net income in excess of \$253,414. Consequently, the additional amount is clawed back on net income in excess of \$177,882 until the additional tax credit of \$239 is eliminated; this results in additional federal income tax (e.g., 0.32% on ordinary income) on net income between \$177,883 and \$253,414.

A chart of the most common non-refundable tax credits is available on the next page



Prince Edward Island

Federal and provincial personal tax credits - 2025¹

	Federal credit	Provincial credit
Amount of credits:		
Basic personal credit (see notes 2 and 6 above) ^{2, 3}	\$ 2,181	\$ 1,354
Spousal credit (reduced when spouse's income		
over \$0 (federal) and \$1,210 (provincial)) ^{2, 3}	2,181	1,150
Equivalent-to-spouse credit (reduced when		
dependant's income over $0 (federal) and 1,210 (provincial))^{2,3}$	2,181	1,150
Infirm dependant aged 18 or over (reduced when dependant's		
income over \$4,966 (provincial))	-	232
Caregiver credit (reduced when particular person's income		
exceeds \$20,197 (federal) and \$11,953 (provincial))	1,290	232
Age credit (65 and over) ⁴	1,354	618
Disability credit ⁵	1,521	655
Pension income (maximum)	300	95
Education amount - per month	-	38
Canada employment credit	221	-
Child fitness and arts credits ⁶	-	95
Credits as a percentage of:		
Tuition fees	15.00%	9.50%
Medical expenses ⁷	15.00%	9.50%
Charitable donations		
- First \$200	15.00%	9.50%
- Remainder ⁸	29% / 33%	19.00%
CPP contributions ⁹	15.00%	9.50%
El premiums	15.00%	9.50%

- 1. This table lists the most common non-refundable tax credits; other non-refundable and refundable credits may be available.
- The federal tax value of the basic personal credit, the spousal credit and the equivalent-to-spouse credit represents the amount available to taxpayers in the highest tax bracket. An additional amount may be available for individuals with net income below \$253,414 (see Note 6 to the chart above).
- 3. A federal caregiver tax credit of \$403 may be available in respect of a spouse, dependant or child who is dependent on the individual by reason of mental or physical infirmity.
- 4. The maximum federal age credit of \$1,354 occurs at \$45,522 of net income and declines to nil as net income rises to \$105,709. The maximum provincial age credit of \$618 occurs at \$36,600 of net income and declines to nil as net income rises to \$80,000.
- 5. A federal supplement of \$887 is available for an individual who is under 18 years of age, reduced by the total child care and attendant care expenses claimed for the individual in excess of \$3,464. A provincial supplement of \$381 is available for an individual who is under 18 years of age, reduced for the total child care and attendant care expenses claimed for the individual in excess of \$2,354.
- 6. The children's wellness credit may be available for eligible expenses paid in respect of a child under 18 years of age.
- 7. The federal credit applies to eligible medical expenses that exceed the lesser of \$2,834 and 3% of net income. The provincial credit applies to eligible medical expenses that exceed the lesser of \$1,678 and 3% of net income.
- 8. The federal tax credit rate of 33% applies to charitable donations in excess of \$200 to the extent the individual has taxable income in excess of \$253,414; otherwise, a federal tax credit rate of 29% applies.
- 9. One-half of CPP paid by self-employed individuals is deductible in computing taxable income.